

NATIONAL ARBOVIRUS MONITORING PROGRAM

WARNING: The information contained herein is correct as of December 2022, and is subject to change.





NAMP DEVELOPMENT

The background



NAMP OBJECTIVES

The why



NAMP PARTNERS

The who (+ funding)



NAMP SURVEILLANCE

The how



NAMP OUTPUTS

The what



DEVELOPMENT OF NAMP

 - 1969		1989 – -		- 1993		
Sentinel herd syste established for resea		ficial commencement o NAMP		NAMP jointly managed cattle and sheep indust and governments.		
	NAMP management assumed by AHA	In	dustry involv expanded			
-	1997		2008		- TODAY	

animalhealth

OBJECTIVES

MARKET ACCESS

Facilitate the export of live cattle, sheep, goats and camelids, and their reproductive material to countries that apply import conditions to mitigate the risk of bluetongue, Akabane and bovine ephemeral fever viruses

BTV EARLY WARNING

Detect incursions of exotic strains of bluetongue virus and vectors (*Culicoides* species biting midges) that have the potential to adversely affect livestock production in Australia and trade by surveillance of the **northern BTV-endemic**

area

RISK MANAGEMENT

3

Detect changes in the seasonal distribution in Australia of endemic bluetongue, Akabane and bovine ephemeral fever viruses and their vectors, to inform livestock producers and support trade



NAMP PARTNERS







MONITORING SITES*



Jurisdiction	Sentinel herds	Serosurveys	Insect traps
NSW	41	4	32
NT	8	1	9
Qld	24	6	23
SA	6	0	4
Tas.	1	0	1
Vic.	8	0	6
WA	13	9	16
TOTAL	101	20	91

*Correct as of December 2022. Site numbers and locations are subject to change.

BLUETONGUE VIRUS ZONE MAP*

*To view the current zone map, scan the below QR code.



Bluetongue Virus Zone Map as of 09/09/2022

Bluetongue Virus Transmission Zone (includes Buffer Area)

Buffer Area of Transmission Zone

Bluetongue Virus Transmission-Free Zone



NAMP **REPORT AND** VIRUS DISTRIBUTION MAPS





SCAN TO SIGN UP FOR ZONE CHANGE NOTIFICATIONS